Valency retention in Sakha derivational nominalization with reference to lexical integrity and morphology-syntax interface

Fuyuki EBATA
(Tokyo University of Foreign studies / Research Fellow of the Japan Society for the Promotion of Science)

This presentation focuses on a particular type of Sakha nominalization known as “syntactic derivation.” Sakha syntactic derivation exhibits a cross-linguistically rare phenomenon in that it can retain the valency of the matrix verb though clearly derivational. This is an apparent counterexample to lexical integrity, a hypothesis which posits that no syntactic process may refer to parts of a word; thus here we can see the morphology-syntax interface.